

Report of the Climate Change Working Group

This document is submitted by the Climate Change Working Group to the Programme Board for information.

1 INTRODUCTION

Since its establishment in June 2020, the GEO Climate Change Working Group (CC-WG) has been operating to develop and implement a comprehensive GEO climate change action strategy to advance the use of Earth observations (EO) in support of climate adaptation and mitigation. This includes actions related to the Paris Agreement on climate change.

Duties involve improving coordination and uptake of GEO Work Programme (GWP) activities relevant to climate change, support countries' action within the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) and the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) and strengthening the collaboration with GEO's partners in the climate domain.

The CC-WG will support the translation of the Canberra Declaration into concrete actions within the GWP, and ultimately drive actions to promote the GEO climate engagement priority.

1.1 Members

The CC-WG is currently composed of 100 members. While most of them regularly participate in the general CC-WG meetings, only about 40% have engaged actively to support CC-WG tasks through participation in dedicated subgroups. The GEO CC-WG membership covers over 30 countries. Also, the typology of members varies widely, including government, academia, UN agencies and intergovernmental organisations, non-governmental organisations, and the commercial sector.



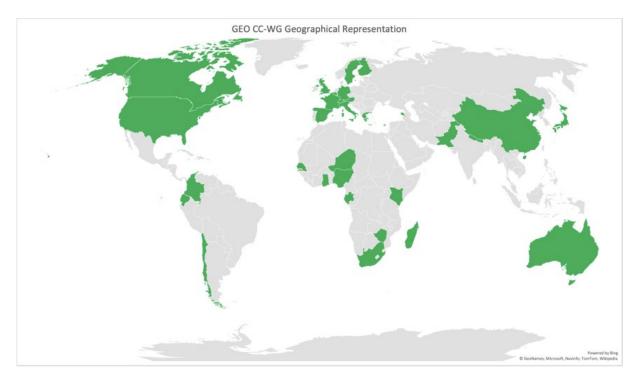


Figure 1. Geographical representation of CC-WG membership (September 2021)

1.2 Governance

Four subgroups have been established. and four co-chairs have been elected, selected by and from the CC-WG members, representing a balance of gender, geography, and generation. Each co-chair leads a designated subgroup and is supported by deputy chairs in their role.

• Subgroup 1: Coordination of climate issues across the GEO Work Programme & Synergies with key partners (including WMO)

Co-chair: Virginia BURKETT (United States)

Deputy chairs: Diofantos G. HADJIMITSIS (Cyprus), Kamila KABO-BAH (Ghana), Rabia SA'ID (ACCREC)

• Subgroup 2: Engagement with UNFCCC and IPCC

Co-chair: Mark DOWELL (European Commission)

Deputy chairs: Armen ASRYAN (Armenia), Nura JIBO (ACCREC)

• Subgroup 3: Enhancing the use of EO for Mitigation

Co-chair: Lucia PERUGINI (Italy)

Deputy chairs: Akinola BABATUNDE (Nigeria), Ramesh P. SINGH (United States)

• Subgroup 4: Enhancing the use of EO for Adaptation and Loss & Damage

Co-chair: Angel Alberto VALDIVIEZO AJILA (Ecuador)

Deputy chairs: Gayane FAYE (Senegal), Gensuo JIA (China)

A full-time GEO Climate Coordinator, Sara Venturini, supports the coordination of the CC-WG. A short-term consultant, Veronika Neumeier, has been supporting relevant tasks since April 2021. They regularly communicate with the co-chairs and members to actively support



the CC-WG duties. A dedicated MS Teams channel managed by the GEO Secretariat has been created to coordinate the work of the CC-WG and the Subgroups.

2 DELIVERABLES AND MILESTONES

The full CC-WG has met 3 times since its establishment and is scheduled to have its 4th meeting before the end of the year. In addition to the full CC-WG meeting, subgroup meetings take place around 3 times a year. Smaller group meetings take place more frequently, some on a weekly basis, and this is where members advance the work on specific tasks.

At the end of 2020, the CC-WG has approved a Roadmap to guide the work of the CC-WG and prioritize action based on the approved Terms of Reference. The Roadmap also outlines the way members engage and contribute to the objectives of the CC-WG. It contains priority deliverables, milestones and the working timeline, as well as the work plan of each subgroup. While the CC-WG activities are outlined for the 2020-2022 period, some have an ongoing nature and are intended to be continued beyond the first term.

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					January, Fe		20	rii, may, and	June (GZ); Ju		021	GS), October,	November, ar		22	
N.	Deliverables / Milestones	Timeline (start – end dates)	Lead Subgroup	Supporting Subgroups	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
1	Reporting to PB (Quarterly)	Q3 2020; Q1, Q2, Q3 2021; Q1, Q2, Q3 2022	All				х		х	х	х		х	х	х	
2	Mapping of GEO WP activities including review of IP and developing a catalogue of activities according to contribution to thematic areas for climate action as well as contribution to key partners' work	Q4 2020 - Q2 2021	S1	S3, S4						х						
3	GEO's contribution to the GFCS process, including the 2020 Status of Climate Services Report	Q4 2020; Q4 2021; Q4 2022						х				х				х
4	Preparation of GEO's contribution to the Global Stocktake via ad hoc coordination group of Systematic Observation community and SBSTA	Q3 2020 – ongoing	\$2	S3, S4												
5	Work with the WMO to identify a primary point of contact on climate issues for the CC-WG	Q4 2020 - ongoing	S1													
6	Development of supplementary technical guidance for integrating EO into NAPs, including through a stakeholder validation workshop and a call for good practices (for second iteration)	Q1 2021 (first draft) – Q3 2021 (validation workshop) – Q4 2021 (lauch at COP26); Q2 2022 (call for good practices in view to second iteration)	S4	\$2					х		x	x		×		
7	Information note providing an overview of the emerging needs for reporting obligations under the Paris Agreement and their timing, for adaptation and mitigation	Q1 2021	S3, S4	S2					х							
8	Organisation of Second GEO Climate Workshop - and preparation of workshop report	Q4 2020 – Q3 2021	S1	S2, S3, S4							х					
9	Organisation of GEO Climate Finance Workshop - and preparation of workshop report	Q4 2020 - Q1 2021	S1						х							
10	List of "Twinnings" of GEO and UNFCCC Party representatives for the Research and Systematic Observation (RSO) subgroup of SBSTA	Q2 2021 - ongoing	S2							х						
11	Preparation of annual briefing as a debrief in advance of COP on the work of GEO and the broader EO/SO community	Q3 - Q4 2021; Q3 - Q4 2022	S2	S3, S4								х				x
12	Participation in UNFCCC SBs, COP26, SBSTA Earth Information Day, and organisation of side-events	Q2 - Q4 2021; Q2 - Q4 2022	S2	S3, S4						х		х		х		х
13	Contribution to a planned Copernicus/CEOS Workshop bringing together GHG and AFOLU EO Communities, and workshop report	Q1-Q3 2021	S2	S3							х					
	Participation in/Organisation of dedicated session in GEO Symposium	Q2 2021; Q2 2022	S1	S2, S3, S4						х				х		
	Participation in/Organisation of GEO Week side events including Plenary session on Climate Action	Q2 2021 - Q4 2021 (November) and Q2 2022 - Q4 2022 (November)	S1	S2, S3, S4								х				х
16	GEO's participation in GCOS 2nd Climate Observation Conference	Q4 2021 (12-14 October)	S1	S2, S3, S4								х				
17	Preparation of GEO's response on EO gaps identified by IPCC Special Reports / AR6	Q1 2021 – Q4 2021	S2	S3, S4								х				
	Organisation of joint GEO-IPCC Expert meeting on the topics of land representation, the role of remote sensing and field measurements, and uncertainty - and workshop report	Q1 - Q2 2021	S3	S2						х						
19	Definition of application specific EO requirement addressing all aspects of the UNFCCC, including through a stakeholder workshop/series of webinars on the use of EO for mitigation and adaptation - and workshop report	Q1 2021 - Q2 2022	S3, S4	\$2										x		
20	Report on gaps and way forward	Q2 2022	S1	S3, S4										Х		
21	Call for expression of interest to feed in GEO 2023-2025 Work Programme	Q4 2022	S1	S3, S4												х

Figure 2. CC-WG deliverables and milestones



3 ACHIEVEMENTS

As the GEO CC-WG is relatively new, most of its work is in progress and yet to be completed. Among recent accomplishments, <u>a renewed CC-WG homepage</u> was launched in August 2021 including descriptions of CC-WG governance, roadmap, as well as a member list with biographies. Completed deliverables are listed below.

3.1 Organization of the GEO-GFOI Workshop with participation of FAO and IPCC-TFI (deliverable #18)

As part of the activities of Subgroup 3, on 16-17 June 2021, GEO and the GEO flagship Global Forest Observations Initiative (GFOI) hosted a joint technical workshop on "Exploring new tools in SEPAL to assess land use and land cover changes, and produce GHG emission estimates", with the participation of the GFOI lead partner, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO), and the Task Force on National GHG Inventories of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC-TFI).

The IPCC-TF TSU is developing tools to support the use of its Inventory software by UNFCCC Parties in preparing their land representation, including through spatially explicit approaches, for estimating greenhouse gas emissions resulting from the Agriculture, Forestry and Other Land Use (AFOLU) sector and has invited the cooperation of GEO and GFOI on this matter.

GEO and GFOI have identified the System for Earth Observation Data Access, Processing and Analysis for Land Monitoring (SEPAL) platform, operated by FAO and funded by GFOI partner Norway, as an environment that can enable UNFCCC Parties and GEO Members with significant forest areas to access cloud computing services. GEO and GFOI aim to provide high quality open-source software available in SEPAL that perform spatially explicit accounts of AFOLU emissions.

About 150 participants attended the workshop over two days and included: government representatives involved in GEO and GFOI; land monitoring system experts; reforestation and Nature-based Solutions actors; international EO and Data Cube experts.

The workshop initiated a follow-up process aimed at identifying and supporting high quality open-source software available in SEPAL that perform spatially explicit accounts of AFOLU emissions, for governments wishing to develop National Forest Monitoring Systems (NFMS) and associated Measurement Reporting and Verification (MRV) procedures, including appropriate capacity development support.

It was a successful example of collaboration between GEO, GFOI and its community and important partners such as FAO and IPCC. Eventually this could translate into possible recognition and endorsement by IPCC of the technical contribution from the GEO community. This workshop was also crucial in view of the UNFCCC process, as it supports the dissemination of EO data use and identification of countries' needs – providing information on the use of EO in support of mitigation in general and GEO initiatives specifically to UNFCCC Parties and stakeholders.

3.2 Organization of dedicated session at GEO Symposium 2021 (deliverable #14)

The GEO Symposium 2021 took place on 21-24 June 2021. As part of the activities of Subgroup 1, on 23 June, the CC-WG co-chairs organised a spotlight session to present the ongoing work to the whole community. The GEO Symposium was successful in gathering the interest of the community around climate change and climate action themes: 15 dedicated sessions were



organised on climate, and many more on related topics, which included the plenary sessions around the nexus areas where climate change is a cross-cutting element. The UNFCCC Secretariat also participated in some of these sessions, notably to invite the GEO community to contribute to support mitigation and adaptation action around oceans and climate.

3.3 Contribution to the WMO GFCS process (deliverable #3)

As part of the activities of Subgroup 1, the CC-WG contributed to the 2021 State of Climate Services Report, a multi-agency report coordinated by WMO, aimed at assessing adaptation needs in climate-sensitive socio-economic sectors that are considered priority under the Global Framework for Climate Services (GFCS).

This report is mandated by the UNFCCC COP under the Paris Agreement. In 2019, the first edition of the report was focused on Agriculture, but GEO did not have a chance to contribute. In 2020, the focus was on early warning systems (EWS), highlighting progress made in EWS implementation globally and identifying where and how governments can invest in effective EWS to strengthen countries' resilience to weather, climate and water-related hazards. GEO contributed a case study on the Global Wildfire Information System (GWIS) joint initiative by Copernicus and GEO titled "Europe is reaping benefits from a regional and global wildfire information system". The 2021 State of Climate Services Report (under development) focuses on water resources, and flood and drought management. GEO submitted a case study on "Reliable and actionable information for flood risk management during Hurricanes Eta and Iota in Honduras" from the GEO Global Water Sustainability (GEOGloWS) Streamflow Forecast.

4 WORK IN PROGRESS

4.1 Mapping of GEO Work Programme activities (deliverable #2)

As part of the activities of Subgroup 1, the CC-WG was tasked to update the mapping of the GWP conducted in 2018, in collaboration with the DRR-WG and the Capacity Development Working Group.

The scouting of the existing GEO Flagships, Initiatives, Community Activities and Regional GEOs aims to identify potential disconnect and synergy opportunities among them, with an emphasis on meeting the needs of policy makers and key partners. This will allow GEO to initiate a path forward for climate, DRR, and capacity development-related activities in the GWP aimed at filling the identified gaps and taking advantage of synergies, scaling up and connecting relevant activities to decision makers thus contributing to the implementation of the UNFCCC Paris Agreement, Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, and increased use of GEO assets through increased skills to use them.

Ultimately, this will improve understanding and uptake of EO data products generated by the GWP by policy makers for enhanced action across all sectors of society.

Since the end of 2020, a cross-WG task team has been created to conduct the mapping exercise. Over several months, a mapping interface was designed and implemented with the technical support of USGS and Esri.

The mapping interface includes six sections covering the general scope of the GWP activities, the relevance of the activities for climate action, DRR, as well as ongoing capacity development work, and any additional feedback. The Climate Action section (Section 3) contains 8



questions designed by the CC-WG (see Annex 1). They are formulated to have a comprehensive understanding of how each GWP activity relates to climate action.

The mapping has been officially launched on 31 August 2021, through invitations to GWP leads, with a first deadline of 10 September 2021 to provide feedback. The mapping is intended as an open-ended exercise that will inform the development of the GWP and related WG support going forward. However, in view of the GEO Climate Policy and Finance workshop taking place at the end September, a first deadline was set for September 10 to allow early analysis of the results. The cross-WG task team supporting the mapping made itself available for on-demand consultations to walk respondents through the mapping. The results of the mapping will be made available on the GEO homepage and be presented at various events.

4.2 Organization of the GEO Climate Policy and Finance Workshop (deliverables #8 and #9)

As part of the activities of Subgroup 1, the CC-WG has been tasked with following up on the outcomes of the first GEO Climate Workshop, organized by the former Paris Agreement Subgroup in 2018, and hosting a second GEO Climate Workshop that would involve a broader policy-relevant audience.

Two specific suggestions for further engagement of GEO were outlined in the Discussion Paper on Climate Action prepared for the Canberra Plenary in 2019. These are: 1) promotion of the use of EO through public climate finance and private investments and 2) providing EO that support national commitments and strategies for climate adaptation and mitigation, in line with the UNFCCC and the Paris Agreement

To respond to these needs, the CC-WG has planned a <u>GEO Climate Policy and Finance Workshop</u> to be held as a virtual event from 21-23 September 2021. The theme of the workshop is "Earth observations for climate ambition". The three-day event will include two days dedicated to Earth observations in support of climate policy and one day dedicated to Earth observations as a basis for climate finance decisions.

The overarching goal of the GEO Climate Workshop is to demonstrate the value that GEO can bring to the question of climate action in general, and the UNFCCC Paris Agreement process in particular. This workshop will build upon the outcomes and recommendations from the first GEO Climate Workshop held in 2018, the results of the mapping of GWP activities being undertaken in 2021, and other key ongoing deliverables of the CC-WG. These will highlight the role of EO in supporting national action on climate mitigation and adaptation, as well as assessing collective progress towards reaching the Paris Agreement's purpose and long-term goals under the Global Stocktake process.

Further, the workshop will include the launch of a new workstream in GEO addressing the topic of climate finance. This will broaden the GEO community's understanding of how EO can contribute to strengthen the evidence base for public and private investment decisions on climate resilience, as well as support the collective assessment on finance and means of implementation under the Global Stocktake. It will also aim to build on existing partnerships and extend GEO's collaborations with the financial services sector.

Ultimately, the GEO Climate Policy and Finance Workshop will help position GEO for the upcoming UNFCCC 26th Conference of the Parties (COP26) in 2021 and a prospective mandate under the UNFCCC (see deliverable #12).



4.3 Preparation of GEO's contribution to the Global Stocktake (deliverable #4)

Since early 2020, the Subgroup 2 Co-chair and GEO Secretariat Climate Coordinator have joined an ad hoc coordination group, established under the auspices of the UNFCCC secretariat, which gathers the key partners of the EO community (GEO, GFOI, WMO, CEOS agencies, GCOS, Copernicus, among others) to provide a contribution to the Global Stocktake. The Global Stocktake is a process for taking stock of the implementation of the Paris Agreement with the aim to assess the world's collective progress towards achieving the purpose of the agreement and its long-term goals. The first Global Stocktake is taking place in 2023 and every 5 years thereafter, with the information collection and preparation phase starting in 2021/2022.

As of September 2021, the group has produced a draft synthesis report on "The Role of Systematic Earth Observations in the Global Stocktake" that is intended to be an input to the process. This synthesis paper summarizes the current state of the art in systematic observations supporting the Global Stocktake. The Mitigation section describes EO products for use in GHG inventory development and verification. The Adaptation section highlights EO that identify emerging climate hazards or improve resilience to the adverse impacts of climate change.

4.4 Work with the WMO to identify a primary point of contact on climate issues for the CC-WG (deliverable #5)

The GEO Secretariat has invited WMO to nominate a representative to the CC-WG. A dialogue between GEO and WMO is ongoing with regard to improved coordination, including climate matters.

4.5 Development of supplementary technical guidance for integrating EO into NAP (deliverable #6)

As part of the activities of Subgroup 4, the CC-WG was tasked to develop supplementary technical guidance for integrating EO into National Adaptation Plans (NAPs). It was decided that this first GEO technical guidance should focus on the agriculture sector, and take advantage of work of the GEO Global Agricultural Monitoring (GEOGLAM) flagship initiative, to highlight the potential of countries to incorporate EO-based crop monitoring as part of their NAP efforts and provide a roadmap to adoption, based on the UNFCCC initial guidelines for developing countries.

This is being done with the idea that the NAP technical guidance should become a series of guidance documents based on GWP activities that are supporting adaptation at the national level with operational products, covering multiple sectors. For instance, a similar technical guidance could be developed with GEO Blue Planet, GEOGloWS, GEO Mountains and other GWP activities to be identified.

A task team was established in January 2021 and developed the rationale and outline of a guidance document. In February 2021 the task team met with the UNFCCC secretariat team supporting the Least Developed Countries Expert Group (LEG) to discuss the first draft outline. The UNFCCC secretariat advised to focus on providing a template for countries to integrate EO into NAPs starting from a real case study in GEOGLAM.



As of September 2021, the task team has developed a draft guidance document, which will be presented at the GEO Climate Policy and Finance Workshop and possibly at COP26. Its finalization is expected by the end of the year.

It should be acknowledged that Adaptation/NAPs is one of the areas where GEO has the highest potential to provide a unique contribution to the UNFCCC process (see deliverable #12).

4.6 Information note on reporting requirements under the Paris Agreement – mitigation (deliverable #7)

As part of the activities of Subgroup 3, the CC-WG was tasked to identify EO needs for GHG inventories and MRV of mitigation actions considering the emerging obligations under the UNFCCC/Paris Agreement frameworks involving relevant stakeholder groups and IPCC-TFI.

A draft information note was developed and distributed for consideration and comments in September 2021. Its finalization is planned for December 2021.

The information note reports data requirements (e.g. resolution, format and spatial characteristics) for GHG inventories development, and underlines how EO data, and in particular remote sensing data, can contribute to build a complete and transparent national GHG inventory, taking into account the 2006 IPCC guidelines and their 2019 Refinement.

A similar information note should be developed on adaptation reporting requirements under the UNFCCC/Paris Agreement, as part of the activities of Subgroup 4.

4.7 Twinning of GEO and UNFCCC delegations, and GEO COP briefing (deliverables #10 and #11)

As part of the activities of Subgroup 2, since mid-2020 a task group has been developing a briefing note that highlights the value of EO for climate action and in the UNFCCC process, with the aim to provide delegates with language and input to the negotiations. The GEO COP briefing is meant to be shared with UNFCCC delegations particularly targeting the negotiators in charge of Research and Systematic Observation (RSO), but also other relevant tracks, for instance adaptation or technology transfer.

Furthermore, counting on the wide membership of the CC-WG, a "twinning programme" to match the GEO experts with their own country delegations to the UNFCCC will be established, as a way to create a direct communication channel. The task group has starting to compile a table of potential contacts per country within the delegations.

The task group has also produced draft emails/letters that can be used in making contacts the delegates and alerting them to the incoming GEO COP briefing note.

The briefing is expected to be finalized and shared ahead of COP26 (1-12 November 2021).

4.8 Participation in UNFCCC SBs, COP26, SBSTA Earth Information Day, and organization of side events (deliverable #12)

As part of the activities of Subgroup 2, the CC-WG Co-chair and GEO Climate Coordinator have been liaising with the UNFCCC secretariat and the UK COP26 presidency EO team to plan an active participation of the GEO community at COP26, taking place from 1-12 November in Glasgow, UK.



Several side event applications have been submitted involving GEO representatives. As of September 2021, one event led by the GEO Indigenous Alliance has been confirmed in the Green Zone (November 9). Other side events are being planned in partnership with GEO members and participating organizations, including in-person, hybrid, and fully virtual events, taking into account the uncertainties around possible COVID-19-related restrictions.

GEO representatives will be invited to join the <u>Earth Information Day 2021</u> (November 2 - tbc) - a mandated event under the official UNFCCC negotiations - including an in-person presentation session and a virtual poster session.

Regarding GEO's participation in the overall UNFCCC process, the UNFCCC secretariat has advised that GEO will not be granted Observer Status to the UNFCCC, unlike previously stated. This is because of the lack of an independent legal personality by GEO, which therefore does not meet the necessary criteria for admission according to UNFCCC rules. Despite the continued efforts to find a way around it by both the GEO secretariat and the UNFCCC secretariat over numerous years, no easy solution seems achievable. To become an Observer either GEO would need to change its governance, or the UNFCCC secretariat would need to change its rules for admitting observers. Neither are likely.

GEO Secretariat representatives will therefore attend COP26 as they have done previously, as part of the European Space Agency (ESA) delegation.

The GEO Secretariat is now looking at how to secure their presence at future COPs, and this will be discussed at the next ExCom meetings.

However, regardless of the Observer Status, GEO is still able to get a mandate under the UNFCCC to provide input to the negotiations. This could be done through a conclusion by the UNFCCC Subsidiary Bodies (SBs), based on the input by Parties. With such a mandate, GEO would be in a position to fully contribute to the negotiations, notably the Research and Systematic Observations (RSO) agenda item under the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice (SBSTA), the National Adaptation Plans (NAPs) agenda item under the Subsidiary Body for Implementation (SBI), and potentially others.

The process to get a mandate involves the following steps:

- GEO is invited to participate in the negotiations (e.g. RSO, NAP) by the UNFCCC secretariat and/or through submissions by Parties/Observers;
- GEO presents relevant EO deliverables within the UNFCCC process (e.g. at the Earth Information Day, or to the Least Developed Countries Expert Group);
- GEO is mentioned in statements by Parties/Observers to COP/SB plenaries, as well as during negotiations on specific agenda items, recognizing the work of GEO;
- A call for GEO to provide its input is included into the conclusions of SB negotiations;
- GEO is then able to regularly deliver and report on the related topics to the relevant SB plenary.

At this stage, it is crucial to better define GEO's unique contribution - and this is where the work of the CC-WG comes into play. The CC-WG is producing a number of deliverables that will help GEO position itself for COP26 and the UNFCCC and Paris Agreement process at large, including the mapping of the GWP, GEO Climate Policy and Finance workshop, the contribution to the WMO's GFCS annual report, and the supplementary technical guidance on integrating EO into NAPs.



4.9 Contribution to a planned Copernicus/CEOS Workshop bringing together GHG and AFOLU EO Communities, and workshop report (deliverable #13)

As part of the activities of Subgroup 2, the CC-WG was tasked to contribute to a planned Workshop on synergies and opportunities between GHG and Agriculture Forestry and Other Land Use (AFOLU) EO communities working in support of UNFCCC.

The main aim of the workshop is to start a dialogue between the different EO communities addressing the needs of the UNFCCC, in particular the atmospheric GHG monitoring and those addressing aspects of the AFOLU sector.

The workshop is co-organized, based on an identified gap, both at the European level through discussions in Copernicus as well as at the international level by CEOS and GEO, to address:

- both the "soft" coordination and stakeholder engagement aspects of the interface with the Convention, the UNFCCC secretariat and,
- Parties (including through their inventory agencies/compilers) but also more technical
 aspects of reporting, outputs datasets, formats, avoiding "double-accounting" and the
 longer-term ambition of using diverse EO datasets in the modelling and data
 integration systems being developed.

The workshop was originally planned for June 2021, now it has been postponed until November 2021.

4.10 Participation in and organization of GEO Week including Plenary session and side events (deliverable #15)

As part of the activities of Subgroup 1, the CC-WG is contributing to three GEO Week 2021 sessions.

First, Co-chairs will speak at Plenary Session on Engaging the GEO Community (24 November) and report on the preliminary analysis of the GWP mapping results as well as on the outcomes of the GEO Climate Policy and Finance Workshop and other deliverables.

Secondly, the GEO Week will include two Anchor sessions, one on Climate Action (23 November) and one on Climate and Oceans (24 November) supported by the GEO Climate Coordinator. Furthermore, the GEO Climate Coordinator is overseeing the organization of multiple side events around relevant climate topics.

4.11 GEO's participation in GCOS 2nd Climate Observation Conference (deliverable #16)

The 2nd Climate Observation Conference organized by the Global Climate Observing System (GCOS) and the World Climate Research Programme (WCRP) and supported by the European Organisation for the Exploitation of Meteorological Satellites (EUMETSAT), originally scheduled for 30 August-3 September 2021, has been postponed. The new date will be announced in due time.

4.12 Preparation of GEO's response on EO gaps identified by IPCC Special Reports / AR6 (deliverable #17)

This task will be initiated in 2022 and will build on ongoing work of the CC-WG and GEO Secretariat, including the outcomes of the GEO-GFOI workshop with participation of FAO and IPCC-TFI (deliverable #18).



4.13 Definition of application-specific EO requirements addressing all aspects of the UNFCCC (deliverable #19)

This task will be initiated in 2022 and will build on the ongoing work of the CC-WG, including the information note on reporting requirement (deliverable #7).

4.14 Report on gaps and way forward (deliverable #20)

This task will be initiated in 2022 and will build on the outcomes of the mapping of the GWP activities (deliverable #2).

4.15 Call for expression of interest to feed in GEO 2023-2025 Work Programme (deliverable #21)

This task will be initiated in 2022 and will build on the outcomes of the mapping of the GWP activities (deliverable #2) and the report on gaps and way forward (deliverable #20).



ANNEX 1.- GEO WORK PROGRAMME MAPPING INTERFACE: CLIMATE ACTION

2020-2	022 GEC) Work f	rogram	ime
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Climate science	Supporting climate change adaptation	Monitoring extreme weather events
Quantifying loss and damage associated with climate change	Monitoring carbon dioxide or other GHG concentrations, stocks and fluxes	Supporting the REDD+ mechanism
Supporting the UNFCCC Parties and process	Providing the means of implementation for climate action	Supporting climate action by different stakeholders
Other (please describ	pe):	
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L	Supporting early warning systems and emergency preparedness
	Supporting measures to enhance recovery, rehabilitation and build back /
	forward better
	Supporting social protection instruments, including social safety nets
_	
	Supporting transformational approaches
	ifying loss and damage associated with climate change elect all that apply.
_	
Ш	Losses related to human mobility / migration
	Non-economic losses
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	Comprehensive risk management approaches
	Providing finance, technology and capacity building to address loss and damage
	oring carbon dioxide or other GHG concentrations, stocks and select all that apply. Assessing past and present trends of GHG emissions by countries
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Assessing barriers a	nd challenges faced by developi	ng countries
Promoting EO techn building in developi	ology development and transfer	and related capacity
	ten the evidence base in public t	
Using EO to support	thorough climate risk assessme	nts by businesses and
pporting climate act ase select all that apply.	ion by different stakehold	ders
Supporting local con	nmunities and indigenous peopl	es in responding to climate
Understanding and r	responding to the linkages betwe	en gender and climate
Supporting education	n and youth in responding to clir	nate change
Supporting climate a	action by municipalities	
Supporting climate a	action by non-state stakeholders	
	already working with one respect to climate change	
Earth Observation Satellites (CEOS)	Group for Meteorological Satellites (CGMS)	Observing System (GCOS)
United Nations Environment Programme	World Climate Research Programme (WCRP)	World Meteorological Organization (WMO)



lease select all that apply.		
Committee on Earth Observation Satellites (CEOS)	Coordinating Group for Meteorological Satellites (CGMS)	Global Climate Observing System (GCOS)
United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)	World Climate Research Programme (WCRP)	World Meteorological Organization (WMO)
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data and information	to National Adaptation Plans (NAPs) across multiple sectors.	
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